

### My Lawyer in Spain



#### Things to consider when selling your Spanish property

# A) What property documents may a buyer request?

- Getting these documents ready for potential buyers and estate agents will increase your chances of selling the property and speed up the process.
- Escritura de Compraventa of the property or deeds of the property
- Current Town Hall rates receipt also known as the IBI (Impuesto de Bienes Immuebles)
- □ Latest Water, electricity, gas and telephone bills
- □ Current Invoice for Basura (rubbish) if there is one

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- Certificate from the Administrator for the Community of Owners confirming all community payments for the property are up to date
- Community of Owners latest invoice
- Minutes of the Community of Owners meetings for the last three years
- Up to date licence of first occupation (licencia de primera ocupación), if available
- If you are a foreign tax resident in Spain, a certificate from Hacienda confirming you are a Spanish tax resident



- If there is a mortgage on the property, contact details of the local bank manager and most recent mortgage statement
- Passports and NIEs of all owners
- A Power of Attorney if you will not be in Spain for the completion
- Inventory of furniture that will be left or items you are prepared to sell
- Instruction manuals for air conditioning, heating, swimming pool pump and other machinery.

## B) Preparing your property deeds for a sale

- Have you extended your property or built and <u>not</u> updated your property deeds?
- ✓ Take steps to update your deeds before agreeing to a sale in order to avoid delays
- Or wait for a buyer to pay a deposit and then update the deeds?
  ✓ Let your buyer know upfront of any outstanding legal issues and agree the Contract based on these being resolved.
- Is your license of first occupation or habitation certificate (licencia de primera ocupación or cedula de habitabilidad) still <u>valid</u>?
- ✓ If not, renew it at your local town hall.

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#### C) Accepting an offer

- Once you have accepted an offer for your property, there will typically be <u>three stages</u> in the sales process:
- The estate agent is likely to arrange for the buyer to sign a reservation contract and pay a reservation fee between 3000€ and 6000€ to allow the buyer's lawyer to check the property documents and ensure all is in order.
- 2. Signing the sales and purchase contract and payment of up to 10% of the purchase price.
- 3. Completion of the sale and purchase before a Notary.



#### CONTRACT

Not all property sales follow the above stages. Sometimes the buyers sign a Purchase Contract without signing the reservation Contract. On other occasions the Parties go direct to the Notary to sign the Sales and Purchase Deed.



#### D) Completion

- Completion of the sale and purchase will occur before a notary public when you will hand over the keys to the property and receive a banker's draft for the agreed price, less any deposit received.
- ✓ What to bring with you to completion at the Notary?
- □ All the documents listed in section A
- In particular, up to date bills and invoices for water, electricity, town hall rates and community fees (and agree on apportionment with the buyer before completion)



#### Tax resident?

- ✓ Are you a non-Spanish tax resident?
- If so, the buyer will retain 3% of the purchase price and pay this to the Spanish tax office as a part payment on account of your Spanish Capital Gains Tax liability.
- ✓ Are you a Spanish tax resident?
- □ If so, you will include the sale of the property in your annual tax return after completion.



#### E) Post completion

#### **Capital gains tax**

- Non-Spanish tax resident: you have four months from the date of completion to submit a tax declaration for Spanish Capital Gains Tax and <u>either</u> seek a rebate of the 3% retained <u>or</u> top up your Capital Gains Tax liability.
- The tax rate for Capital Gains Tax is 21% for non-Spanish residents.
- The costs incurred in the purchase and sale of the property are <u>deductible expenses.</u>



- These deductible costs include:
  - □ Transfer of tax upon purchase
  - Notary and land registry fees
  - □ Legal and estate agent fees
  - Costs of any renovation that required planning permission which extended the property for which you have original VAT invoices

Unfortunately, the tax authorities are not quick in returning the retained 3% or a part of it, therefore you will need to keep your Spanish bank account open until you receive the rebate



#### Plusvalia

- This is a local tax payable to the Town Hall based on the number of years you have owned the property and the increase in the value of the property.
- $\checkmark$  This tax is payable within 30 days of completion of the sale.



### Call the My Lawyer in Spain team to talk to them about your Spanish property sale!

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